MISSISKOUI STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY MORNING,

BY

J. D. GILMAN, To whom all Communications must be ad-

dressed; and if by mail, post paid.

POETRY.

For the Missiskoui Standard.

MR. EDITOR, -Sir-Please insert the following most easy and effectual method of delivering this province from those poor little weakly doughfaced things called Radicals, who are continually whiming for Republicanism alias Bowleknifeism.

Go into the woods, cut a huge Baswood Tree, Then hollow it out, to the sap make it free; Fit it then to a frame without loss of time With a hole in the butt just to put in the prime-

Now drag it along to the pinuacle's top; When there fix it firm with sidestays and prop, Then point it due South with compass in hand-'Twill carry its load to Jonathan's Land.

With one pound of powder then load the big gun. Then select you six radicals, one by one, Place them in head foremost-their sculls being

thick-It surely wont hurt them, although it should kick.

All snugly placed in, then ram them down well With - sticking out like fiddlers in Then touch her off, Jammy, with a hearty good

That shall land them all safe in aunt Jonathan's lap.

One load each day for a few days to come Would deliver the province of its radical scum, Should this plan meet your views, ye Brave Volunteers,

Then up and about it with three hearty cheers. TOM MOORE.

Courtship on the Battery. We have often heard of love-making on that pleasant promenading ground, the batthe following authentic story of the wooing and winning and becoming the lawful pos sessor of a young guileless heart, carries in its details more matter of interest than could wish .- N. Y. Transcript. any love affair that has recently come to our knowledge, and we will now give it to our readers as briefly as we can. Some time during the last summer, a French gentleman, a member of a wealthy mercantile New Orleans, came on hither to spend a few months in rest and recreation, until the subsidence of the heat, and may hap diseases of his city of residence, should induce him to return to his home. As al. most all other strangers do, he often strayed from his place of sojourn, at the Carlton attention. House, to spend a pleasant hour in promfrom the ocean, and gaze upon the galaxy tions. of beauty that tripped so fairy-like along the gravel walks of the orderiferous retreat. had charge of, and whom she every day conducted to the battery, for air, exercise and indulgence in their innocent gambols. In the discharge of this duty one day Mary to be laid before you. was met by the French gentleman from

New Oileans. He was attracted by her beauty....her perfect neatness of appearance....her artless innocence and her devotion to the wants Belgium. ted to her care. Soon he made bold to engage her in conversation of the chastest acceded to by both parties, has in consekind, and as he conversed from day to day, quence been proposed to the Dutch, and became insensibly deeply enamoured with Belgian governments. I have the satisfacthe lovely Mary ——, and resolved, if ment has already signified to the Conferposible, to make her his bride. He learnt possible, to make her his bride. He learnt ment has already signified to the Conferposible to the Conferposible to make her his bride. from her lips, that she was of Irish parent- ence its acceptance of that treaty, and I age, was an orphau, with little, if any education, and was dependent alone for sup- Belgian government will put an end to that port, upon the wages she received from the disquietude which the present unsettled merchant, in whose house she was employ- state of these affairs has necessarily produed as a domestic. After repeated inter- ced. The unanimity of the five allied views, be made known his passion, and powers affords a satisfactory security for the offered Mary bis hand, telling her if she preservation of peace. would marry him, that she should become the mistress of his splendid house and war in Spain, which engages my anxious heart in New Orleans. The innocent, un- and undimmished attention. suspecting girl was alarmed at these pro-posals, could not believe that they were casioned the retirement of my minister from pare herself for the coming nuptials. She friendship,

appointed time was still undetermined.

November to decide and told her then British interests in that quarter of the world to meet him, and they would go and be and to enter into engagements the fulfil united. And in obedience to his instruc-tions, on that day she told a young lady, a seamstress in the house, that she was preparations have been made as may be going to a party that evening, and she was sufficient to resist aggression from any dressed in her best apparel, and set out to quarter, and to maintain the integrity of my the party-that party being her lover. He eastern dominious. met her, procured a carriage, and they together went to the Bishop of this Diocese, nicipal corporations of Ireland are essential and were joined in wedlock, according to to the interest of that part of our domin the rights of the Episcopal Church-the ions. divine giving her a certificate of her mar-

They were then driven to the Carlton House where the lovely Mary was usher commended by the ecclesiastical commised in as merchant's bride, and where they spent the night. In the morning, at the creasing the efficiency of the established New York merchant's house, the question church, and of confirming its hold upon was repeatedly asked of, where is our Mas the affection of the people. ry? a question which no one there could answer. Soon, however, an order was sent the more speedy and certain administration to the merchant's house for Mary's trunks of justice, are of the first importance to the of clothing, but the prudent merchant re welfare of the community, and I feel as fused to deliver them up unless Mary came sured that you will be anxious to devote herself. She accordingly went, with evis yourselves to the examination of the measdent confusion on her countenance, and ures which will be submitted to you for the when asked what was the matter, she res purpose of attaining these beneficial results. plied ... 'I believe I am married, and here Gentlemen of the House of Commons, is a paper the minister gave me'-pulling out her certificate-which the merchant to be prepared and laid before you. recognized to be genuine, and much to his surprise, also discovered that Mary's hus- which it is my desire to enforce in every had large mercantile transactions.

happiness, and the interchange of affection- patriotism to maintain the efficiency of ate ladies, Mary and her wealthy husband those establishments which are essential to set off for New Orleans and arrived there the strength and security of the country. after a short and pleasant passage. There she was ushered into a large house elegantly furnished, as mistress, and there she enthis life can afford. Her husband doated period fixed by law for the final and comupon her, and immediately employed a plete emancipation of the negroes has been number of teachers to instruct her in mn - anticipated by acts of the colonial legislasic, and all the several branches of useful ture, and that the transition from the temand ornamental learning; and by letters re- porary system of apprenticeship to entire ceived in this city from New Orleans a freedom has taken place without any disfew days since, we are informed that Mary turbance of public order and tranquillity. was in the enjoyment of fine health and Any measures which may be necessary in and the birds discoursed sweet music. But spirits, and one of the happiest of the hap- order to give full effect to this great and py. Such is the true history of a successful beneficial change will, I have no doubt, rethough remantic courtship on the battery ceive your careful attention. which has resulted as auspiciously as any

ENGLAND.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. ' My Lords and Gentlemen,

I continue to receive from foreign powa and the United States. ers gratifying assurances of their desire to . I have directed full information upon

Austria a treaty of commerce, which I trust I rely upon you to support my firm deter- and peculiar, that I feel called upon to will extend & improve the intercourse be- mination to maintain the authority of my

family of _____, a wealthy merchant in the same kind with the Sultan, calculated to parts of my empire the benefit of internal neighborhood, whose lovely children she place the commercial relations between my tranquility, and the full advantages of their dominions and the Turkish empire upon a own great national resources. better and more secure footing.

negociations, with a view to a final settle illegal practices. For the counteraction of from the Continent. ment of the differences between Holland & all such designs I depend upon the efficacy

I lament the continuance of the civil

sincerely made, and hesitated to yield her the Court of Teceran. I indulge, how-The French gentleman, however, ever, the hope of learning that a satisface pressed his suit with apparent success, tory adjustment of these differences will almake np her final determination and pre- with Persia upon their former footing of at that time in the house.

Her lover then gave her to the first of of India to take measures for protecting

'The reform and amendment of the mu-

'It is also urgent that you should apply yourselves to the prosecution and completion of those maxims which have been resioners of England, for the purpose of in-

'The better enforcement of the law and

'I have directed the annual estimation

'Adhering to the principles of economy, band was a wealthy merchant of New Or- department of the State, I feel it my duty leans whom he knew, and with whom he to recommend that adequate provision be made for the exigencies of the public ser-After the usual bestowment of wishes of vice. I fully rely on your loyalty and

My Lords and Gentlemen, 'It is with great satisfaction that I am enabled to inform you that throughout the

'I have to acquaint you, with deep con

enade on the battery, to inhale the pure canadian people, un-I have concluded with the Emperor of provinces to your serious consideration, ening, also came a beautiful girl of nineteen, tween my subjects & those of the Emperor. Crown, and I trust that your wisdom will

'I have observed with pain the perse-'I have directed copies of these treaties vering efforts which have been made in some parts of the country to excite my 'I have been engaged, in concert with subjects to disobedience and resistance of Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, in the law, and to recommend dangerous and of the law, which it will be my duty to A definitive treaty of peace, founded enforce, upon the good sense of and right ment to the principles of Justice, and their abhorrence of violence and disorder.

'I confidently commit all these great in

tired in the same order in which they had attempt to overthrow this Government, and entered the house.

The attendance of peers was more nu- State. merous than usual at so early an hour. Among the peers who were first in their of Wellington.

isterial. Not one of the ministers had made their appearance.

his seat on the woolsack.

ences have induced the Governor General of the stoves, exactly vis-a-vis to the position occupied by Lord Lyndhurst. Lord Brougham entered the house shortly after

Parliament, Tuesday evening, Feb 5 .. After the Lord Chancellor had commenced reading the Queen's Speech, he was interrupted by ..

Lord Durham, who wished to ask Viscount Melbourne whon it was his intention to lay upon the table of the House the information respecting the affairs of Canada, referred to in her Majesty's Speech.

Lord Melbourne said he could not lay unpon the table the papers until Ministers had made themselves masters of their con-

Lord Durham wished to have the report laid upon the table, which he had sent respecting Canada, as the Ministers had full

time to read the report. Lord Brougham was of opinion, that her Majesty's Ministers were perfectly correct in deciding that the report should not at present be laid upon the table; at the same time he was of opinion that nothing could be more honorable than the anxiety of his Noble Friend behind him (Lord Durham) to have the matter brought before Parliament without delay.

Provincial Legislature.

Opening of the Upper Canada Legislature.

TORONTO, February 27, 1839.

This day, at two o'clock, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor proceeded in State, from the Government House to the chamber of the Honorable the Legislative Council, where, being arrived, and seated on the Throne, the Gentleman Usher of joyed all the comforts and abundance that whole of my West Indian possessions the the Black Rad was sent with a Message sembly, commanding their attendance: the Members present came up accordingly, His

SPEECH:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: and

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

The internal tranquility of the Province, ment. I am particularly desirous of recur my Canadian subjects. The President of tion to devising measures for the peace welring to your advice and assistance at a pe- the United States has called upon the citi- fare and good government of the Colony, riod when many matters of great import. zens of the Union to abstain from proceed- free from the paralyzing suspicion of interance demand your serious and deliberate ings incompatible with the friendly rela- nal treachery, or the exasperating influence tions which subsist between Great Britain of Foreign aggressions ... and upon this happy result of the zeal, constancy, and bravery of the loyal Upper Canadian people, un-

The situation of the Province is so novel exceed the ordinary limits of a Speech at the opening of Parliament, in order to re-'I have also concluded a treaty of the adopt such measures as will secure to those view recent occurrences, and to trace effects to their causes, as a guide to present and fature legislation.

England at peace with all the world, and relying implicitly, not only on the loyalty of her North American subjects, but on the faith of Treaties, and the existence of most friendly relations with the United States, had gradually withdrawn most of her troops

Encouraged by this absence of military power, the discontented in Lower Canada, after a long and vexatious Parliamentary opposition, and an obstinate rejection of every conciliatory effort on the part of the Government, at last broke out in to open rebellion; and incited by their example, the disaffected in this Province, confidently relying on assistance from the neighbouring Frontier, and secure, in the event of failure, Her Majesty and her attendants then re- of finding an asylum there, made a sudden to sever the Canadas from the Parent

The hopes of the disaffected in both Provinces, however, met with signal disappoint- be the signal for hostilities along the line. places, were Earl Durham and the Duke ment; and in Upper Canada particularly, Wellington.

The number of opposition peers then the immediate suppression of insurrection, present, were much greater than the Min-isterial. Not one of the ministers had At five o'clock the Lord Chancellor took disposition to revolt which still existed the greatest privations and hardships, and there.

and gave Mary to the 15th October, to low of the re-establishment of my relations move the address, & lord Lyndhurst, were lion in Upper Canada, had not the disaffection in Upper Canada, had not the Earl Durham took his seat on the back of Foreign interference, continued to re- been limited, the moral character of the

reflected much upon the subject and at the | 'Events connected with the same differ- | bench of all, near the bar, and behind one | ceive life and support from the same source. for no somer had some of the leading trais tors escaped across the boundary, than they associated themselves with a number of border population-robbed the public arsenals there and made several audacious, but signally unsuccessful attempts to invade and make a lodgment on British terri-

The authorities of the United States, having had ample time to suppress these outrages, our Militia were gradually withdrawn from the Frontier, and were in the course of being disbanded, when it was discovered that a body of foreigners and traitors had secretly introduced themselves into the Province, from the States of New York and Michigan. Some of their emmissaries were despatched into the London District, while others hoped successfully to raise the standard of rebellion in the Niagara District : but the attempt was suppressed at the bud ... The Militia of the surrounding Country at once rushed to arms, and captured such of the banditti as did not succeed in making good their flight to the American shore.

The wanton and violent destruction of a British Steam boat within the American waters, by a gang of ruffians from the main land of the United States, previously shewed that the feeling of hostility had not abated on the frontier; and circumstances attended that outrage; which indicated, that it proceeded from an organized body of enemies. This suspicion was immediately afterwards strengthened by information, taken upon oath, detailing the secret signs, organization and intentions, of the Society of Patriot Hunters; and the confessions and declarations of the captive foreigners and traitors, who were taken in the Niagara Distsict, corroborated this intelli-

But notwithstanding the reasons I had for placing confidence in this information.... the secrecy observed by the conspirators.... the extreme wickedness and rashness of the proposed measure, the silence of the frontier press, before so clamorous-and the Excellency was pleased to address the two quiet of the frontier towns, at one time so agitated—were well calculated to cause the numbers and resources of the conspirators to be underrated, and to induce a belief that the presumptuous project of invading Canada would not be attempted.

After a short while, however, further proof was given that a conspiracy was acand the present security of its Frontier, en- tually organised, and that the combination cern, that the province of Lower Canada able us, after a recess of unusual length to extended along the whole line of the fronhas again been disturbed by insurrections, meet you in Provincial Parliament. The tier, from east to west. I thought, how. and that hostile incursions have been made postponement of the present Session has ever, that the accounts brought to me must into Upper Canada by certain lawless in- been induced by the pressing and paramount be exaggerated: and that the parties named habitants of the United States of North A- duties, in which many of you have been as being accomplices, could never have so merica. These violations of the public engaged, connected with the public defence, for compromised their characters, as to have peace have been promptly suppressed by and the administration of justice. But we countenanced such a scheme; and though the valor of my forces and the loyalty of have now an opportunity to turn our attenthe valor of my forces and the loyalty of tion to devising measures for the peace welltirely rely upon the statements which were at that time made to the Government,

But as the information I continued to receive became more minute and proceeded from various quarters, I could no longer doubt that the confederacy comprised a body of many thousand persons, whose numpers and resources were daily increasing : and what constituted the most revolting ane alarming feature of this odious transaction was, the positive declaration, that many persons of wealth, and not a few public functionaries in the frontier cities and towns, had intimately connected themselves with this crimbual alliance.

As the crisis drew nearer, strangers, without ostensible business, and under various pretences, were discovered to be scattered through the Province. It was ascertained that constant intercourse was kept up between the lodges of conspirators in the United States, and their adherents in Canada. The hopes of the disaffected appeared suddealy to revive. The intellegence from various quarters conveyed to this Government became more deifinite, shewing the immediate intention of the enemy to be the destruction of the British Steamboats, and the seizing by surprise and simultaneously, several posts within the Canadian boundsries, where the disloyal might rally around the invaders assembled in arms, and procure reinforcements and supplies from the United States, without the risk of any collision with the American Authorities. An insurrection in the Lower Province was to

Under these circumstances, I took deci-Lower Canada, to assist in overawing the ty's faithful Subjects have been exposed to there.

Such would have been the end of rebelpeople of Upper Canada strikingly exhibited, and a spirit roused throughout the Province, that will long survive passing events, and greatly tend to the future strength, security, and tranquility of the country.

After all the preparations that were so many months in progress, and after the expenditure of such large sums of money, voluntarily contributed, as are generally given reluctantly even for national objects, the conspirators and revolutionists were so entirely overawed as to have limited their operations to one attack upon our frontier near Prescott, and to another in the vicins ity of Sandwich. Not a subject of her Majesty joined them after landing; in both attempts they were signally defeated-and the result the destruction or capture of nearly the whole of the banditti. [conclusion next week]

MISZISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, MARCH 19, 1839.

We give the proceedings of the public meeting held in this village on Thursday the I4th instant, from which it will be seen that the meeting declared unanimously in favor of a re-union of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada. We beg to refer to the Resolutions themselves as expressing the reasons why a re-union of the Provinces was decided upon as the only means of restoring to the country a Constitutional Government. We sincerely hope that the recommendations contained in the Resolutions, will be acted upon generally throughout the Townships; and that Petititions to the Imperial Parliament, will be immediately circulated in furtherance of the views of the County Meeting.

COUNTY MEETING.

At a General Meeting of the Inhabitants of the County of Missiskoui, held pursuant to previous notice for the purpose of taking into consideration the present state of the Country, and also the necessity of advocating measures of a Re-union of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada,

Lieut. Col. The Hon. Robert JONES was appointed Chairman, and Dr. CHAM-BERLIN, Secretary.

The Chairman, in an appropriate speech, explained the objects for which the present meeting had been called, and very clearly expatiated upon the state of the country from the period of the conquest up to the time of the suspension of the Constitutional Act; and shewed conclusively the necessity that existed for the immediate action of the Loyalists of the Townships and the British population generally throughout the province, upon the subject of the future government of the country.

After the appropriate remarks from the Chairman, it was unanimously resolved that the following persons be appointed a Committee to submit suitable Resolutions, expressive of the views of this meeting, viz:

STEVENS BAKER, JONATHAN SELBY, WM. BAKER, DANIEL WESTOVER, Esqrs., Dunham. P. H. MOORE, C. R. VAUGH-JOHN PETTIS, Esqrs., Sutton. DANIEL CAMPBELL, O. J. KEMP, JAMES LEE, Anson Kemp, James Botham, J. Cham-BERLIN, Esqrs., St. Armand.

The meeting being adjourned for a short time, the Committee retired, and having re-appeared, the meeting was again called to order, when the following Resolutions were submitted by the Committee, for the consideration of the meeting, which, after being read seratim, and commented upon, were unanimously adopted :-

Ist .- Resolved, That this Meeting deeply lament that any portion of the inhabitants of this Province should so far have forgotten their duty to their Sovereign, their fellow-subjects, and their obligations to a pasternal Government, always considerate of their interests, as to have plunged into rebellion, and thus brought upon the population of a whole Province, the evils consequent upon the deprivation of free, liberal, and Constitutional Government.

2d .- Resolved, That this meeting, cherishing as they do, a feeling of Loyalty towards their Sovereign, and attachment to the institutions of the Parent State, view with anxiety, acts, which tend to weaken those ties, upon the unimpaired existence of which, must depend the duration of the connexion subsisting between this Colony and the Parent State.

3d - Resolved, That this meeting believe a free, liberal, and Constitutional Government to be the only Government that can safely and efficiently administer to the wants of a population entertaining correct notions of British freedom, and that Laws to be acceptable should not only be just and equitable, but also the result of en-

ting for the Province (however justifiable it right that our sentiments, on the subject the country.

restoration of Constitutional Government, whilst it remains a separate & distinct Pro- troubles, has not only been unimpeachable, vince - this meeting consider a re-union of but highly praiseworthy and examplary. the Provinces of Upper & Lower Canada to be the only security for the attainment of political rights, and as one of the most safe, nity, have always a tendency to excite dred pounds!! to whom? to the very man egitimate, and effectual means of remedying the evils that have hitherto afflicted the Province, and averting those consequent dividual entitled to the protection of Britupon a continuance of the present order of

6th....Resolved, That it is expedient, therefore, to petition the Imperial Parliament to adopt the necessary means to effect re-union of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, with a Constitutional form believe that the inhabitants of this Province, charge this pension, let all Canada be taxed of Government, adapted to the genius and of American birth and origin, will not be to support the bounty of its government to feelings of the Inhabitants of British origin and descent, and that the Counties of Shefford, Stanstead, Sherbrooke, Drummond, and the Inhabitants of British origin and descent in the other sections of this Province, be invited to join in similar peti-

7th Resolved, That J. Chamberlin, T. A. Starke, O. J. Kemp, Jonathan Selby, Stevens Baker, and Wm. Baker, Esqrs. be a Committee to communicate with the Counties and sections of the Province allu- ed to keep good faith with us, we are ded to in the last Resolution, and to take measures for carrying into effect the objects to keep good faith with them. Nay more, therein contemplated.

8th Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be transmitted, by the Secretary, to the Secretaries of the Constitutional Associations of Montreal and Quebec.

9th Resolved, That the Missiskoui Standard, and Sherbrooke Gazette, and other papers throughout the Province, be requested to publish the proceedings of this

It was then moved by Stevens Baker Esq., seconded by Daniel Campbell, Esq., That tions? But it must not be. Such treatthe Chairman do leave the Chair and that ment is alike unworthy of us, and unde-Jonathan Selby, Erq. take the same, when it was moved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Chairman and Secretary for the able manner in which they have discharged their respective duties.

R. JONES,

J. CHAMBERLIN,

Secretary. Frelighsburg, 14th March, 1839.

Herald has made so unjustifiable & sweep try, and who have, on more than one oc- of the following purport... ing an attack upon the Loyalists of Amer-AN, Esqs., Stanbridge. E. F. Hurlbur, ican origin. The moral guilt of having excited in this province bitter hostility between parties upon the ground of national desire, that every inch of land in the Town- exclusive jurisdiction; but on the contrary, origin eminated from the French leaders, for the unhallowed purpose of exalting for, in that case, no one need be afraid of was not to be in possession of either, exfor the unhallowed purpose of exaling themselves, regardless of the rights of oth-

The system of exclusiveness, now advocated by the Herald, on the ground of national origin, as applied to American Loyalists, is at variance with the declared sentiments of the Constitutional Associations throughout the province; and is also in direct opposition to the sentiments formerly enunciated by the Herald itself. The attempt to stigmatise the American Loyalists by significantly asking what good has resulted from the Legislative acts of Ephraim Knight and Jacob Dewitt, might, if comparisons were not odious, be hurled back upon the Herald, with double indignation, by pointing to James Leslie, E. B. O'Callaghan, the Nelsous, Dr. Rolph, W. L. McKenzie, et hoc omne genus.

The Herald ought, by this time, to be aware that the loyalty of the inhabitants upon the frontier, who are mostly of American origin, mainly contributed to save the province from destruction. And we sincerely hope that our contemporary will so far qualify his language as not to stigmatize, for the sins af a few individuals, a whole community, merely because they happen to be of a different origin from himself. The Montreal Gazette takes the following very proper view of the subject:....

It was not our intention to have alluded to the observations which appeared in the

The charge was offensive, because national equanimity which is the right of every in- diate. ish laws and institutions. It was impolitic, because the present are not the times for stirring up any bitter or unkind feelings among a m'xt population, whose interests and safety are to unite on mutual terms reason to complain, as their uniform demeanor of loyalty & obedience to the laws, would be sufficient to rebut even more se rious charges than those urged against them in the Herald. They came into this province, not only by the permission, but on the invitation of the Crown; and having become British subjects in fact and in name, they are entitled to all the rights and privileges of such subjects, until the laws pronounce them to be unworthy of those excellent immunities. If they are expectbound, by every tie of honour and justice, we are bound to respect them, in a very high degree, for the confidence which they have placed in us by coming amongst us, and the firm and unshaken attachment which they have always shewn to our Sovereign, Government, and laws. As a body, they have always conducted themselves as datiful and industrious citizens ... and as moral and exemplary members of society. Where, then, is the policy...where the hu manity of railing against so respectable & orderly a class of community, and endeav. ouring to deprive themselves and that province of the fruits of their laborious exerserved by them, Nothing can, therefore, be more impolitic and ungenerous than to attach, as our contemporary has attempted to do, any degree of odium to a whole class of the community, who are, in every re spect so undeserving of it, and who have given ample and various proofs of a claim to far different treatment. What, we would ask, would be the value or importance of the Eastern Townships of this province, had they not been peopled, as they are, by a healthy, hardy, and industrious yeomanon, satisfactorily proved, that what they live on the best terms we can, and in the constant interchange of good offices, with our fellow-subjects of American birth and munity; and there are many individuals active members of society, but distinguished ornaments of every department of life. With such a body and such individuals, let us not hesitate to cultivate the best under- military aid from the United States. standing. They are as worthy of our confidence and respect, as they are justly entitled to the free and undisturbed exercise of the rights and privileges of British sub.

We are surprised that the Governor and his Special Council have passed an Ordinance, in respect to roads, in which the same abominable Grand Voyer system is continua ed. The remarks of the Montreal Transcript, upon another Ordinance, for regulating a 'Fire Society,' effecting the citizens of Montreal, coincides so well with our hereby is authorized to resist any attempt own views, that we give the extract with on the part of Great Britain to enforce, by pleasure. The Transcript in alluding to arms, her claim to exclusive jurisdiction the 'Fire Society & the pensioning Bouch. over that part of the State of Maine which erville, says :...

ted arrangement with an interest, as natu- into the service. ral as it was eager. They had for years Herald of Saturday last, on the subject of in their pockets, victims in their property, & ritory of the United States by any foreign ered, but no dicision was had upon it. The the inhabitants of this Province of AMER- victims in their feelings. They leudly ex- power, or of imminent danger of such inva- bill providing for taking the census was ta-1CAN birth and origin, or the sweeping char- pressed their indignation at being compelled sion discovered, in his opinion to exist, ber ken up and debated.

reflections, & indiscriminate, the ground- to impose upon the citizens of Montreal less, attacks upon any class of the commus the payment of a life annuity of two hun emotions in the mind at variance with that who above and beyond all others they repu-

If the distinguished loyalty, of Mr De Boucherville has been placed before the Council in so pre-eminent a point of view, we again say let him be rewarded; but, as he certainly has rendered no service to of peace and harmony, so as to defy the Montreal, it must be the government that utmost efforts of a common enemy. And is indebted to him; and in that case, if the it was unjust, because it was untrue. We government has no funds upon which it can much annoyed by the observations of our its loyal and meritorious servants. It would contemporary of which they have so much be nothing short of tyrannical that Montreal should be selected, and charged with the whole expense, without being allowed even an opinion, as to the merits of its an

> The Officers, and men, to be employed under the Fire Society, are to have no pay: although they have a fatiguing, and some times dangerous duty to perform, and are required to perform an important public duty for nothing—consistency demands that Mr Boucherville should be allowed to do nothing, for nothing.'

> The 'Fire Society' and Road Ordinances are sufficient to convince the most fastideous, that the present system of Legislating is at variance with the permanent interests of the country, and that, by consequence, the benefits of a constitutional Government are desirable. Lot every one therefore unite heart and hand in support of a re-union of the Provinces of Upper an I Lowe. Canada, as the only means that can be devised to remedy our unfortunate condition.

The Burlington Free Press states that Governor Jenison has issued his warrant for the further detention of Dr. Holmes, and appointed the 28th instant for a hearing in the premises; from which it appears that the subject is not disposed of by the local government of Vermont.

United States.

United States Congress .- The Senate, on Thursday, the 28th February, was engaged in Executive session, supposed to be on certain Indian treaties, from 11 o'clock ry from the United States, who have thus to nearly 3. Mr. Buchanan, from the com-We regret to find that the Montreal introduced capital and wealth into the coun- mittee on Foreign relations, made a report

> That the committee, after have earned by the sweat of their brows, patient and critical investigation, could find their arms. For our own part, we much powers by which England was to exercise the political doctrines of Republicans, or cept so far as each had held it respectively. the marauding incursions of sympathisers. That if New Brunswick hed determined to Such being the case, let us endeavour to maintain possession, then the crisis had are rived under the constitution, when the President could call out the Militia. That Maine had not violated the spirit of the origin. They are, as a body, as loyal and compact in sending a land agent to drive respectable as any other class of the com- off lawless intruders, -it was the right of both to do so, but the duty of each to reamong them who are not only useful and tire afterwards,-that if New Brunswick forbears to execute her threat, then Maine is to withdraw the troops, and if she will not do so, then she is to receive no

> > The report was made the order of the day for Friday.

> > In the Honse of Representatives, Mr. Howard, from the committee of Foreign Relations, reported the following Bill:-A bill giving to the President of the United States additional powers for the defence of the United States, in certain cases, against invasion, and for other

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the ding controversy, and they have accordingly President of the United States be, and he is in dispute between the United States and Great Britain; and, for that purpose, to The matter is one of no inconsiderable employ the naval and military forces of the local importance...and the citizens of Mon- United States and such portions of the mitreal looked forward to the new and expec- litia as he may deem it advisable to call

and equitable, but also the result of enlightened public opinion, freely and Constitutionally expressed.

| Ges contained in those observations against by legislation to supply a revenue, which, for congress can be convened to act upon that class of the community. But as we that class of the community. But as we that class of the community. But as we that class of the community want of attention to the details of its application, answered no better end than to supplied the subject, the President of the United States, be and hereby is authorized in adjustment of the whole. The bill was supported by a sinecure to a man, whose claims up of the whole. The bill was supported by the subject may be misunderstood, in consequence of our significant processes.

4th.-Resolved, That it is the opinion lence with regard to it, and finding that, in on this city no one could recognize, and of the United States, raise a provisional of this meeting that laws eminating from the Herald of Thursday, the charge of the whose insulting disregard to the duties of force to be enlisted for five years, or during of this meeting that laws eminating from previous number of that journal, is attempts his lucrative office, as well as other cogent, the continuance of hostilities with any foreasons, compelled the great majority to eight power, not exceeding one regiment of must fail to command confidence; hence imaginary tale, which appeared in the last view him with mistrust, and to shrink re- diagoons, one regiment of artiflety, two they regard the present system of Legislas number of the Literacy Garland, we deem pulsively from all communication with him. regiments of riflemen, and sixteen regiments When, therefore, the long sought moment of infantry, to be organized, in all respects, by stein necessity in certain cases) to be of the observations of the Herald should be arrived for which the citizens had clamored like the corresponding regiments now in be made public. We have, therefore, no as loudly as their respect for the Gover service; and, also, to appoint, not exceeding at variance with the permanent interests of hesitation to say, that however great may nor in chief and the Special council would one major general, four brigadier generals, be our personal respect for our contempora- permit, they expected that, at any rate, and not exceeding one surgeon and one 5th Resolved, That, taking this view of ry, the charge in question was offensive, the new arrangements would have been assistant surgeon for each new regiment; the state of the Colony, & despairing of the impolitic, and unjust to a large class and free from that odious feature in which the the regiments, general and medical officers, respectable portion of the inhabitants of this di-carded arrangement had been mainly of. to be subject to the same laws and rules. Province, whose conduct, for a long series fensive. The last thing they could have and to be entitled to the same benefits, of based upon the principles of British rule, of years, and especially during the late expected the last thing they could have be every kind, with the like corps and officers lieved, until they read it in the body of an now in service; and it shall be the duty Ordinance published in the GAZETTE, was of the President to discharge the troops that it should be attempted, by legislation, which may be raised by virtue of this act whenever the occasion for them, as defined by this act, shall cease to exist.

Sec 3. And be it further enacted, That in the event of either of the contingencies provided in the first section of this act, the President of the United States shall be authorised to complete the public armed vessels now authorized by law, and to equip man, and employ, in actual service, all the naval force of the United States.

Sec. 4 And be it further enacted, That the sum of - millions of dollars is hereby appropriated and placed at his disposal, for e purpose of executing the provisions of this act; to provide for which the Secreretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow money on the credit of the United States, and to cause to be issued certifis cates of stock, signed by the Registrar of the Treasury, for the sum to be borrowed. or any part thereof; and the same to be sold on the best terms that may be offered, after public notice for proposals for the same; Provided, That no engagement or contract shall be entered into which shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed after the expiration of five years from the first of January next; and that the rate of interest shall not exceed five per cent, payable semi annually.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for outfit and salary of a special minister to Great Baitian; Provided, the President of the United States shall deem it expedient to appoint the same.

This bill was accompanied by a report of some length, in which the committee, after a statement of the position in relation to the disputed territory, and after disclaiming any agreement on the part of the Govern-ment conceding to New Biunswick the exclusive jurisdiction, allude to the memorandum of the conference between the British Minister and the secretary of State in which an attempt is made to avert an immediate conff ct. Upon this state of things the Committee remark:

'If the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick shall desist from any attempt to take or hold military possession of the whole of the disputed territory, it will be easy to restore things to their former condition. If he shall determine to suspend farther movemen's until the decision of the British Government be known, it will be for that Government to say what shall be the political relations between the United States and great Britian, whether the friendship which now so happily prevails between the two nations, for the preservation of which the essential interests of both loudly call, shall be suddenly and rudely broken by assuming a principle, as a ground of action to which the United States cannot submit.'

They go on to express a hope that the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick will not by any precipitate counsels des prive the British Government of an oppertunity of explaining orders which he is believed to have misunderstood, and remark that 'in this event, all immediate difficulties will disappear.'- They express the conviction that Maine, having driven off & arrested the trespassers from the disputed territory will be satisfied with this vindication of her sovereignty, and withdraw the military force which she has now in arms.

The objects stated by the committee, as the ground for authorising the raising of the military force proposed in their bill. all relate to the present claim of jurisdiction over the disputed territory, during the pendency of the negociations; and no intimation is given of a design to employ this force or to adopt coercive measures for expediting or enforcing the final adjustment of the question in controversy.

The committee recommend, as a means of removing not only temporarily but permanently the causes of discontent between the two governments that a special embassy should be sent to England for the purpose of co-operating with the resident minister there in endeavoring to adjust the long penproposed in their bill an appropriation for

After some remarks by Mr Adams, Mr. Legare and Mr. Howard, the report was refered to the committee of the whole, and is was ordered that 10,000 copies should be printed.

The House then resumed the consideration of the appropriation bills. The bill to suppress Indian hostilities was passed and sent to the senate. The bill providing Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the erection of certain military works been the victims of a barefaced job; victims in the event of actual invasion of the ter- on the North Eastern Frontier was consider

to defray the expense of carrying on the not going far enough. war, if necessary, was filled with D5,000,

Congress on Saturday. The debate in the dashed them a little. House of Representatives was continued (From the Boston Daily Advertiser, March on Mr. Howard's bill, by Messre. Evans, Adams, Salstoniall, Biddle, Smith and others. Mr. Adams complimented the State of Maine for the high and noble ground she had taken. At length the vote was taken on striking out the second section, and the motion prevailed. In place of it was inserted an authority to the President to call out 50,000 volunteers and militia in case of invasion. Another amendment authorizes the President in case of invasion, to place a naval armament on the Western Lakes. To carry the provisions of the bill into effect, a loan of \$5,000,000 is authorized. Thus amended, the bill passed by a vote of 201 to 6, and was sent to the court by a determination to raise an army, and to are holding the meeting on the square in the court by a vote of 201 to 6, and was sent to the court by a determination to raise an army, and to are holding the meeting on the square in the court by a vote of 201 to 6, and was sent to the court by a determination to raise an army, and to are holding the meeting on the square in the court by a vote of 201 to 6, and was sent to 201 to 6, Senate.

passed unanimonsly. Correspondence of the New York Gazette,

Washington, March 1st, 18:9. did, that we are on the eve of a war-per. it must be recollected that, after all conher, and support her. Mr. Howard con- the other side to resist our demands. tended, to day, that the people of no part of this Union would look opon the controversy as a sectional one. There was hot blood enough in the country rising up against British aggressions in other quarters. He made no appeal, exactly, but what looked very much like one-to the passions and prejudices of the people against Eng land. He alluded, and perhaps very properly, to the Cauadian sympathisers on our borders all of whom were ready to re-echo the war shout, and carry their victorious stand through the British provinces. By the way, Mr. Clay, alluded, to day, to this other Canadian quarrel, and imputed it to the Government, as a fault that they did not avail themselves of the opportunity presented by these Canadian troubles to settle the boundary question. All parties it must be remarked, agree that the General Government has been remiss of its duty, in leaving this delicate and important matter so long unsettled. But to return to Mr. Howard; he addressed to day the feelings of the South and West in regard to the aggressions of Great Britain upon their interests. He alluded to the encroachments of England upon the Oregon territory, and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory. The should rise in the specific territory and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory and to the aggressive disposition of the Hudson Bay company, as a reason why the people of the West should rise in the specific territory. to the late determination of England not to and taken 8 oxen, 4 horses and five men recognize as property, the black slaves as prisoners, all of whom had been brought mode of co. operating with New Brunswick, which may be thrown into the jurisdiction into the camp. Nothing else of particular Bahamas, and has created much feeling at ces from that quarter. A portion of the unanimously agreed to, with three hearty the South. On the whole, Mr. Howard men it is tumored, have been sent down concluded that every part of this peon the river to complete the cutting out of the

Opposed to Mr. Howard, in all his views was Mr. Biddle. This Mr. Biddle is a man of high mettle and uncommon ability. He is one of that remarkable family of Biddles-of whom Aaron Burr predicted, that all of them would be distinguished. Gen. Hodsdon's command. There do not They have all been distinguished, some in one way and some in another. Two of them were on the floor to day:—'Old which will require the use of our soldiers, but the more general opinion appears to be in the more general opinion appears to be in the more general opinion appears to be that they will soon be permitted to return all Herald.

The old saying is, he is a good paymaster that will pay when the work is done. Now I have deutal to the protection of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick from invasion... [Montresthat they will soon be permitted to return all Herald.

The old saying is, he is a good paymaster that will pay when the work is done. Now I have done your work and I want my pay, and if paid in the month of January or February in Cash or that they will soon be permitted to return all Herald.

The old saying is, he is a good paymaster that will pay when the work is done. Now I have done your work and I want my pay, and if paid in the month of January or February in Cash or undersigned, I will call you a good paymaster; it not paid then I shall pronounce you bad, and hand your accounts or notes over to the Bailiff for collection.

OMIE LAGRANGE.

St. Armand January 15 1839. The Pittsburg member, Mr. Richard Biddle, made a great speech against the bill and the report. He shewed, as I think, dated at Houlton, states that news had just conclusively, that the bill was a war billthat it pledged the country to a declaration Regiment of 800 Fusileers arrived at of war—that it changes the character and object of the controversy—and put us upon a new and, at least, doubtful ground. We are, as he shewed, taken from our original tish Regulars had arrived at Madawaska out. 1837, will expire upon the 1st day of May have their claims urged to satisfactory issue are, as he shewed, taken from our original and strong position as to the right which make a to this disputed territory, and put upon an incidental question—that of temporary jurisdiction, pending the controversy.

Then, as to this right of temporary jurisdiction, he shewed that it was one in which General Jackson acquiesced.....which we had not disputed till now, and which Great Britain had practically exercised for years.

By soing to we have a taken from our original tish Regulars had arrived at Madawaska Oct. 1837, will expire upon the 1st day of May from Quebec.... Eight pieces of cannon had been sent up the St John river from Fredericton.

Seven companies of the 3d Division had arrived at Houlton, and the whole destact the st day of May next at noon.

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The Ist, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th & 6th Bathad arrived at Houlton, and the usual charges.

By order of the Directors had one per cent upon the premium notes,—and all persons that apply for insurance after the Ist day of May next at noon.

The Ist, 2d, 3d, 4th, and it is not improbable, that, after a ten all ordered to rendesvous at Cailais. years' war, if peace should be made upon (Correspondence of the Commercial Adv.) the basis of 'uti prossidetis,' that we should lose the whole territory in dispute, and Editors of the Commercial,.... also the Oregon territory and Florida.

Smith, and opposed by Messrs. Everett advocates the bill as a peace measure....for hopes were entertained that but few would

4th.)

The War Fever at Washington .- The apathy which was manifested at Washington in relation to the quarrel which has arisen on the eastern frontier, for several days after the news of this event arrived there, is followed by a degree of martial excite ment quite as remarkable as was, at first, the appearance of indifference. This last oners. show of feeling will, perhaps, be of as short duration as the other.

The resolutions, displayed in Mr Howard's report and bill, are all hypothetical. The take the field, in a certain contingency, front. In the Senate, the bill was taken up immediately, and after a short debate, was an arrangement with the British Minister to prevent. It does not appear to us that this threat of active hostilities, upon a con tingency considered so improbable, is in If you had listened to the debate in the very good taste, or that it will tend to dis House to-day, on the Maine question, you minish the chances of that contingency. would have come to the conclusion, as I Nor do we think that the tone of discussion upon the questions which have arisen on haps of a long and disastrous one. But, this subject in Congress, is one which is calculated to encourage the expectation of gross is not the nation, though, I fear, a peaceable adjustment of the original conthat, in this matter, they too well represent troversy. If it is to be made a point of na the nation,...or rather the nations of this tional pride and honour, to insist on a con-republic. The 'nation' of Maine, has gone cession of our whole demand, how directly to war, and the question before Congress is and infamily does the course particular, on whether all of the nations shall follow to make it a point of national honour, on the side to resist our demands. We cannot conceal the impression that the land guage which has been used in Congress, in reference to this question, has greatly diminished the prospect of any peaceable adjustment of the controversy.

> From the Eastern frontier The folwith the British forces. There is no news province, and the force weich Sir John hour 700 troops are expected up from St. John Harvey has at his immediate command is hourly. but small.

> In the mean time, Governor Fairfield is Maine. urging forward his militia with great zeal. In addition to the 700 enlisted men on the Aroostook, General Hodsdon's brigade of money and men, and the American press is 1000 men at Houlton, and Gen. Batchel. bullying and blustering, the Legislatures der's brigade of 1000, who are on the march of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are up from Augusta, another 1000 are under of Queenston Heights, is concentrating his to arrive at Augusta on Wednesday, 400 forces, both regular and volunteer, on the from Somerset, and 200 from Cumberland. disputed territory. On the 20th ult. when

> Bangor, (Me.) Feb. 28. returned, having succeeded in their object adjourned till five o'clock to obtain time for interest had transpired since our last adviunder General Hodsdon.

> 'The most of the Troops had arrived at Houlton, where they will rendezvous until further orders The troops from the 2d (Kenebec) Division under command of Brig. Gen. Batchelder, are now on the way from Augusta and will also proceed to join Governor to expend a sum of one hundred

Bangor, March 1, 7 o'clock P. M. A letter received by express this evening reached there from Fredericton, that a

By going to war on this collateral issue, marched from Franklin on Thursday for we delay the adjustment of the principal calais. A detachment of 800 has beeen issue—that of the right to the territory; made from the 7th division and they are

Watertown, Feb. 23, 1839.

You will see by our village papers of this Mr. Evans, of Maine, made a great and week that a patriot meeting was called at spleudid speech in reply to Biddle. He is the court house this day. It made con- St. Armand East, Feb. 4 1839.

Messrs, Cashing, Crary, Adams, Bell and not for war as it appears to me; but he siderable excitement in our country, and port of this day's proceedings. We learn, as Maine will not recede from her posis ately, on account of the situation of the from a posiscript to the New York Suu, that the second section, which provides for the Mr. Howard moved to fill the blank in ment has also been very great in canada. on account of this meeting, and in partice- 1 Frelighburg, Dec. 25, 1838. the raising of a provincial army of twenty the bill with ten millions of dollars.

regiments, was struck out by a vote of 95 Mr. Buchanan's resolutions on the Maine lar with the prisoners, who have sent over to 75. The blank in the 4th section, for difficulties were debated in the senate-(a manimous written request to have the the sum to be borrowed and appropriated Mr. Williams of Maine opposed them as meeting go down, or at all events to be (peaceable and temperate. But the meet ing is the largest ever held in our county, P. S. The house adjourned at 12 o'clock and attended from all parts of the county, By the steamboat mail we have received at night, without coming to any conclusion and especially by those who have been the further information of the proceedings of on the war bill. The news from the north warmest in the cause. What the result will be I cannot predict, but am fearful they will get up another excitement and endanger the fate of more of the prisoners.

We had become quite calm before the call for this meeting. Two sets of resolutions have gone to the meeting, with strong advocates on both sides.

Some of the leading patriots in our village regret the meeting and are for being usual practice of ostentatious puffing, not peaceable; others seem to think they can only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. scare and frighten, and thus assist the pris-

I will write you to morrow, unless the result is known before the mail closes. Yours, etc,

PS. Not one fourth of the meeting Committee of Foreign Relations express could get into the court house, and they

> Watertown, 23d Feb. 1839. The meeting had just adjourned, and the resolutions are said to be much more moderate than it was feared they would be, Hon. M. Sterling addressed the meeting and of letting the Canadians take care of hemselves: and remove to our fine lands in the West if they do not like to live where they are now.

Extract of a letter from Governor Fairfield to President Van Buren :-

Excellency that our citizens now upon this terri-tory engaged in the service of the State, will not leave it without accomplishing their object, unless compelled so to do by a superior force.'
Extract of a letter dated Tobique, 6th March:

The Americans have taken up a possession 6 miles from the mouth of the Aroostook, where they have thrown up fortifications, and are erecting a Block House on what is called a Dorsey's Hill, then they have planted the American Standard, they number at this place about 1000 men, and 700 more are on their way from Houlton to join them by a new road made by themselves, days. Mr. Moffat wishes to benefit the lowing letter gives us the latest news from and 1500 are also on their march from Bangor, public health, and not to destroy it for mothe Aroostook territory. There appeared they are determined to hold possession of the to be no prospect of an immediate collision territory, they have filled up a road from the Tobique (that is where the British troops are) to of any arrival of additional troops in the the Aroostook by felling trees ... There are only

Major General Scott has been ordered to

While the American congress is voting the news of the American invasion reached a committee to report the most effectual cheers, in which the strangers in the gallery heartily responded. The resolutions ple would make common cause with Maine in this war. cered for active serviece, to the extent of 8000; for the militia being marched from one part of the province to another, as the exigency of the case may require, and beyond the frontier of the province, if necessary; and for authorising the Lieutenant

Died.

At St. armand East, on Tuesday the 12th instruction Walter H., Son of Mr. George lingalls, aged a bout 22 months.

Notice.

For Sale.

good farm, containing 100 acres of land, (40 of which are under inprovement,) site uated about three quarters of a mile from Cooksville, Said farm has a comfortable log house and a first rate new barn upon it. For particulars enquire of the subscriber.

Cedar Mails.

poor fellows in Fort Henry. The excite cash will be paid. For particulars apply at this

BUSHELS Liverpoo Salt just received per the Schooner Cynthia. and for Sale VERY LOW

RUSSELL & ROBERTS. Missiskoui Bay, August, 1838.

MOFFATT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The high and envied celebrity which this pre-eminent medicine has a quired for its invariable efficacy in all the diseases which it professes to cure, has rendered the They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. In all cases of Costiveness, Dispepsia, Billious and Liver Affections, Asthma, Piles, Settled Pains, Rheumatism, whether Chronic or Inflammatory. Fevers and Agues, obstisunhealthy appearance of the skin of weakness, of the digestive organs, and in all general derangements of health, these medicines have proved a certain and spredy remedy. They restore vigorous health to the most exhausted constitutions. A smr gle trial, will place the LIFE PILLS and patient.

Happy and grateful in the possession of a medicine which effects so much real and permanent good for his fellow creatures, Mr. MOFFAT begs to say, that he cannot health of the community by adopting the mercenary practice of recommending them to be taken in inordinate quantities From two to five pills is an adequate and proper dose of any good medicine in this form; and the excessive quantities which the public are advised to take by other practitioners, only engender the humors and corruptions which they profess to remove. Remove them they may, but they create them first, and the debilitated patient is doomed

No. 367 Broadway, New York, Broadway, ...
For Sale by J. WEAD,

Sheldon, Vt.

The undersigned ADVOCATE & ATTOR-NEY has established his office in the house formerly occupied as the Sheriff office in St. Vincent Street facing the Court house.

MURJOCH MORISON,

Montreal 40th Jan. 1839.

Notice.

A LL persous having or holding claims against the estate of the late Joseph Coon, are requested to present the same without delay to the undersigned for liquidation. ARNOLD COON. Sutton, Feb. 4 1839.

WANTED. or 12 Tons of Good

Hay.

H. M. CHANDLER. Frelighsburg, 24th July 1838. CASH PAID FOR

GRAIN. The subscriber will pay Cash for Wheat and Corn, if delivered at the mill in the months of January

OMIE LAGRANGE. St. Armand, January 15 1839

St. Armand January 15 1839.

Notice.

The Officers, non commissioned Officers and Privates of the following Corps of Mi-

Dorchester Provincial Dragoons, Corps of Guides, Voltegeurs, Voyageurs, Militia Artillery and Drivers, Commissariat Voyageurs. JAMES H. KERR. Agent.

Quebec, St. Louis Heights, ! Dec. 29, 1838.

ON SALE.

By the Subscriber for Cash or

75 Chests and half do. Old and Young Hyson, Hyson Skin and Black

FILESH TEAS,

25 Catties do. do. 100 Kegs and Boxes of Sup.

Plug and Cav. Tobacco,

5 Bbls. paper do. 15 Bags Coffee,

20 do. Pepper and Spice,

25 Matts Cassia,

25 Boxes Raisins,

5 Tierces Salaratus,

75 Quintals Superior Table Cod Fish,

2000 Bushels Liverpool and Lisbon Salt,

W. W. SMITH. December, 1838.

Public Notice

S hereby given that all Persons baving claims against the estate of the late Joel Rollins, of Stanhridge, deceased, are requested to present the same to Seneca Paige, for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate are notified also to settle the same with him. He will attend to Hon. M. Sterling addressed the meeting with good effect in favor of being peaceble of competition, in the estimation of every monday during Febry and March, at the house of Mr. Levi Stevens, in Dunham, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, as I have employed him to do and transact the said Business for me;—and his (Mr. Page's) Receipt shall be good and conclusive in favor of all persons abuse the gift of Providence and assail the indebted, and his allowance in writing shall be health of the community by adopting the considered good so far as the same liquidates any balances against the said estate.
ELIZABETH HAYKES, Tutrix,

to the estate and minor children. Stanbridge, Feby 4th, 1839.

Get the worth of your MONEY. The subscribers have a fine assortment of al-

Cooking, Box, & Parlor

Stoves,

Hollow Ware,

Caldron Kettles, &c. &c., Prepared and sold by John Moffat, all which will be sold cheap, and most kinds of produce received in payment, and two years credit given for young Cattle, if payment made see

Gray Full Cloth, Flanel cloth, double yarn, Socks, Flax Seed, Maple Sugar, wanted in payment.

PERLY HALL & SON, West Berkshire, Oct. 18t, 1838.

New School Books.

The Subscriber has just received and offers for Sale, on the most reasonable terms, (at wholesale or retail,) a general assortment of school and miscellaneous books. Among them may be found,

Huntington's new school Geography

and Atlas Introduction to do.

do Village School Geography for beginners.

Comstock's com. School Philosophy. do do Astronomy, (a cheap work for common schools.)

Adams's Thompson's Colburn's, and Emerson's Arithmetics. Porter's Rhetorical Reader Emerson's 1st 2d & 3d class Readers

Olney's, Malt-Bruns, Parley's & Halls Geography Kirkam's Smith's & Greenleaf's Gram-

Parley's 1st 2d 3d Book of History Leavit's Easy Lessons in Reading.
do Sequel to do do
Walker's Dictionary.

Worcester's do. Webster's do. Murray's English Reader. Emerson's and Webster's Spellingbooks.

Levizac's French Grammar. Neugent's French Dictionary. Palmer's Perrin's Tables. Ainsworth Latin Dictionary. Adam's Gould's, Latin Grammar. Jacob's Latin Reader. Cooper's and Gould's Virgil. Mrs. Lincoln's Botany.

Burret's Geography of the Heavens.
Bibles of all sizes, Testaments.

Rollins' Ancient History.

Josephus' Works Memoirs of Haunah More. Hannah More's Works. Barnes' Notes on the New Testament. Village Testament Hymn Books. Prayer Books, Handel and Haydn.

and Boston Academy's collection of Music. History of Ferdinand and Isabella, Shakspears' Work Brown's Concar.

dance. Slates Pencils Wafers Sealing Wax. Water colors, Maps of the Western States.

Visiting cards Card cases. Also a general assortment of Sunday School Books. Almanacs for 1839, Toy Books, &c. Purchasers, are invited to call and examine, and buy if they like the prices.

JAMES RUSSEL

HE abscriber has taken the House owned and formerly occupied by the late George Cook, Esq., at Cooksville, (St. Armand,) and fitted it up for the accommodation of Travellers. It is situated three miles West of Frelighsburg, on the direct road from Franklin (Vt.), and adjacent Towns to Montreal; and he flatters himsel that by attention and accommodations he shall receive a share of public patronage.

WM, HICKOK,

Cooksville, July 3, 1838.



To Emigrants and others in search of Lands for Settlement.

HE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, incorporated by Royal Charter and Act of Parliament, offer for Sale a number of Farliament, offer for Sale a number of Farliament of Spring Goods, which will be dold as low as at any store in the County for Sale a number of Farliament, offer for Sale a number of Farliament of Spring Goods, which will be dold as low as at any store in the County for Sale a number of Farliament, offer for mash or most kinds of produce.

WO DILL IN

In J. KEMP and CO. have received an as sortment of Spring Goods, which will be dold as low as at any store in the County for Sale a number of Farliament of Farliament, offer for mash or most kinds of produce.

WO DILL IN

In J. KEMP and CO. have received an as sortment of Spring Goods, which will be dold as low as at any store in the County for sale any store in the County for ash or most kinds of produce.

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WO DILL IN

In J. KEMP and CO. have county in Sale any store in the County for ash or most kinds of produce.

CARDING, CLOTH DRESS-ING, AND

MANUFACTURING.

The undersigned, tenders his grateful acknow ledgements to a generous public for past pattent in eighboring great markets.

The Settlement of Victoria, founded by the Company in 1836, now contains a large and their time the produce.

The Settlement of Victorial particle in the best possible order, and put To Emigrants and others in search of

the Prices of the Company's Lands vary according to circumstances, from Five Shillings per Acre and upwards. The Terms of Sale are accordingly advantageous, six years being allowed for payment by annual instalments. The Eastern Townships are reached from Quebec, Montreal and Port St. Francis on the St. Lawrence, by direct roads from these places, and from New York via the Hudson River, Lake Champlain, Rorlington, and Stanstead.

Burlington, and Stanstead.

Application may be addressed to the Commissoners of the Company, at Sherbrooke, Lower Sherbrooke, April, 1838.

TO PRINTERS.

White, Hingar & Co., are against White, Hingar & Co., are against white, Hingar & Co., are against white and Rust Printing presses, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices. Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink and every article in the printing husiness, kept for sale and furnished on short notice. Old type taken in exchange for new at 9 cents per pound.

N. B. Newspaper proprietors who will give the above three insertions. Will be entitled to five the above three insertions. Will be entitled to five the above three insertions. Will a GAR. dollars in such articles as they may select from our specimen. E. WHITE & W. HAGAR.

Land Agent and Accountant. HE undersigned begs to intimate having also commenced the first of the above branches, and respectfully invites individuals having real estate to SELL or LET to place it in his

Believing that satisfactory transfers of real estate can seldom be made without personal inspec tion, he proposes to act only as a medium, through whom the seller can advertise cheaply and effi-ciently, and the buyer be guided in his choice. In accordance with this view he has opened

BOOKS OF REGISTRY, in which descriptions of property for SALE or In which descriptions of property for SALE or which is now in his occupancy in the South to LET in town or throughout the country will part of utton. It is situated one & a half-miles from Richard mills, and half a mile from hep-sist of Emigrants and others (ornits), every exercise there? Wills in Sutton States.

when over that D5: for succeeding quarters half these amounts. The same in every case payable in advance, and all communications to be post HENRY BORIGHT. When the parties are not known, satisfactory references as to the correctness of the descriptions will be required.

JAMES COURT. Montreal 21st. August 1837. V2.-20 2 St Joseph Street (near the whaf.m

last ten years; & begs to intimate, that he has removed his establishment to the house lately occupied by Dr. Frary, where he'is ready to per-form every kind of work in the line of his busi-

ness, with promptitude.

The subscriber begs also to assure his customers, that he will do his utmost endeavors to con-

Frelighsburg, May, 1838.

HATS!!

Good assortment on hand and for Sale, by J. B. SEYMOUR.
Frelighsburg, 20th June, 1838.

Bark. Cords Bark, wanted by the subscri-

Education.

N Academy will be opened at Waterloo, Co. of Shefford, on the 1st day of January next, at the residence of the Rev. A. Balfour, Episcopal Minister of that place; where young gentlemen may receive an English, Mercantile, Classical, Mathematical or scientific education. Boarders could be conveniently accommodated n the village...a few at the parsonage Honse. For particulars apply to the Principal, if by let-ter 'post paid.' Waterloo, 12th Dec. 1838.

Spring Goods

to Card or manufacture, that his machinery is in consisting employ the best and most experienced workmen; and he hopes to give general satisfaction to those who will entrust their work to his care.

The following are the terms for which Cloth will be manufactured from good clean wool:...

Coloured cloths, of all kinds at two shillings and six pence per yard—or one half.

Common Grey—two shillings per yard—or one half.

Flannel-one shilling and three pence per yard Prices of Carding and Cloth Dressing.

WOOL will be carded at four cents per pound, cash down; five the ensuing winter; six at the end of the year.

Fulling and colouring 'all colours except Indiago Blue) will be done in the best style for ten pence per yard if paid down; one shilling per yard payable the ensuing winter; one shilling and three pence payable at the end of the year.

Fulling shearing (once) & pressing; five pence per yard cash down, rix pence per yard payable

TO PRINTERS.

White & W. Hagar, respectfully inform the printers of the United States, to whom they have been individually known as established Letter Founders that they have formed a copartnership in said business, and from their united skill and extensive experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.

The introduction of machinery in the place of the tedious, & unhealthy process of casting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senior partner, first successfully accomplished. Extensive use of the machine cast letter has fully tested, and established its superiority in every particular over those cast by the old process.

The letter Foundry will increafter be carried on by the parties before named under the firm of White, Hagar & Co. Their specimen exhibits a complete series, from Diamond to Sixty-fourlines Pica. The book a new type being in the most modern light and style.

White, Hagar & Co., are agents for the sale of Smith and Rust Printing presses, which they can fouroish their customers at manufacturer's prices. Chases, Cases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink and every

forthwith, and requests all having claims against him to bring in the same with as little delay as

11th May, 1838. MOIR FERRES.

A Farm to Let.



HE Subscriber is wishing to let, for a term of years, and for a specified reut to be of years, and for a specified rent to be paid in improvements on the premises, the farm of Emigrants and others (gratis,) every exertion being made to increase the publicity of the plan.

The Charge for registering for the first three months will be 10s, when not more than three distinct properties are included in one description; when over that D5: for succeeding quarters half?

There are seventy acres under improvement, two good barns and an indifferent house—a fine sngar orchard with three hundred sap buckets and a sixty gallon kettle. Good security will be required for the tulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars inquire of the subscri-

Frelighsburg, 3d Nov., 1838.

Lost.

N the 18th instant somewhere between the the premises. St Joseph Street (near the whaf m village of Frelighsburg and Mr. Best's lime kiln, at Philipsburg, 52 DOLLARS, rolled up in a small piece of paper. Of the above bills there were four 10's and one 5 on the Montreal Bank; one 5 on the Quebec Bank, treturn to his friends and the public, his sincere thanksfor the liberal support he has received for the last ten years; & begs to intimate, that he has re-JOHN TYLER.

West Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 19, 1838.

Beware!

ers, that he will do his utmost endeavors to continue to deserve the patronage with which he has been favored, by unremitting attention to business and to the execution of work put into his hands. He will be ready at all times to make up garments of every description, according to the latest and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated the 10th Nov. 1835 for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated the 10th Nov. 1835 for the date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other dated to Nov. 1835, for the date; and the other d

P. COWAN. Nelsonville, Dunham, 9th July, 1838.

CHURCHVILLE STORE!!!

FOR THE subscriber is now opening and offers for sale a very general and carefully selected assortment of Goods suitable for the season among which are comprised;-

> Dry Goods, Teas, Tobacco, Rum, Brandy, Wine, H. Gin, Salmon, Dry Cod Fish, Salt,



Hardware, Grass Scythes, Cradling do.,

Scythe Stones, Grind Stones, Confectionaries, Almonds, Nutmegs, Loaf Sugar, Raisins, Epsom Salts Sulphur, Castor Oil, Camphor, Opium, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, &c. &c. &c.

All which will be disposed of upon such terms for ready pay, as will render it advantageous for the old friends & customers of the Churchville Store, to make purchases, and they are respectfully solicited to call and examine quality or goods and prices..... "for the days of Auld Lang Sync."

Samuel Maynard, E-q, Dunl P. H. Moore, P. M. Bedford. Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill Elihn Crosset, St. Armand. W. W. Smith, P. M. Philip. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. P. Cowan, Nelsonville, Daniel Campbell, P. H. Moore, P. M. Bedford.

JOHN E. CHURCH. Churchville July 3, 1838.

New Goods.

Store opposite C. Boyan's Hatel in Roger Wm. Hickok Cooksville, Store opposite C. Bowen's Hotel, in Berk, shire Vt., a splendid assortment of New Goods,

Dry Goods, Wet and Dry Groceries, Crockery, Glass and Hardware, Cast Steel, Nails, Nail Rods, Drugs and Medicines, &c. &c.

Which, with their former stock, makes a very desirable assortment which they will exchane

Butter, Ashes, Footings, and almost every thing else; even POTATOES in any quantity, if delivered at L. Leavens' & Co. Factory next fall or winter. And if any wish to pay CASH we would say to them cal and they shall not go away empty.
RUBLEE & BOWEN.

Berkshire, June 1st, 1838.

Jumes Russell, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

a

Blank-Book Manufacturer,

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a valuable farm comprising 250 acres of the best of and...150 of which are in a high state of cultis This farm is situated about one mile south of the village of Philipsburg, on the stag road, and within one mile of the Province Line. Its locality is delightful, it is well watered and extremely fertile. A large BED OF MARLE is found on the premises, the value of which need

The buildings which are in good condition con-

A Dwelling House 30 by 50 feet. A Wood-shed and Waggon house 24 by 56 feet. A Barn 30 by 40 feet.

and, A Barn 30 by 60 feet. together with

A Cattle shed 24 by 42 feet. A large quantity of farming utensils and a fine body of Stock if required. Terms of payment easy. For particulars apply to the Proprietor on

LODERICK F. STREITE.
St. Armand West, 21st August, 1838.

New Goods.

THE subscribers having removed from Cooksville to Missiskoni Bay, have just received a good supply of SPRING & SUMMER

xchange for Goods.

A. & H. ROBERTS. Missiskoui Bay, July 16, 1838.

THURMS.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance Is. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months delay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment, if made by or before the expiration of the first nine months.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged in addition.

No paper discontinued, except at the discretion of the publishers, until arrears are paid. RATES OF ADVERTHING.

Six lines and under, two shillings for the first nsertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and mine pence; every subsequent in sertion seven pence half penny.

Above ten lines, 3d. per line for the first in-sertion, and one penny for each subsequent inser

A liberal discount to those who advertise by Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be inserted till forbid in writing and charged accor

STANDARD AGENTS, H. T. Robinson, Frost Village, Shefford. S. & S. Reid, Stanstead. C. H. Huntington, St. Albans, Vt Hoflis Robinson, Stukely. Samuel Maynard, Esq, Dunham. P. H. Moore, P. M, Bedford, Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Elihn Crosset, St. Armand. W. W. Smith, P. M. Philipsburg.

P Cowan, Nelsonville, Dunham.
Albert Barney, P. M. Churchville.
Jacob Cnok P. M. Brome. P. H. Knowlton, Brome, Samuel Wood, Farnham . Whipple Wells, Farnham. Henry Boright, Sutton.

Levi A Coit, Potton, Persons wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoni Standard, will please to leave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also, or at the office in Frelighsburg, all payments Must be made.

Watches.

VILINDER, alarm, repeating & English, French and Swiss watches, just received and for sale at the jewellery shop opposite the Cour House, St. Albans, Vt. hy

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

LIVER table, desert, tea, cream, salt and mus

29th May, 1838.

LAIN and tipped flutes, fifes, clarconet reeds

Opposite the Court Honse, St. Albans Vt., 20th May, 1838.

Prosize the Court House, St. Aibans, has just received a good assortment of Cold Beads, fine and jeweler's gold, finger rings both plain and sett; ladies and gentlemen's Breast Pins, watch keys and Seals.

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

20th May. 1838.

H. HUNTINGTON would take this op o portunity to inform his friends and customers that he has just returned from New York with a general assortment of watches, silver spoons, tion. gold beads & jewellery which he offers at reduced prices, at his shop opposite the Court House, St. Eight day brass clocks manufactured and war

anted correct time keepers. Clocks and watches epaired at short notice and on reasonable terms To the Inhabitants of the County

of Missiskoui. The Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, having resolved to supply evry destitute family in the Province with a copy of the Holy Scriptures, ci-Province with a copy of the Holy Scriptures, either by sale or glft; and having with the blessing of God made considerable progress in the work, are anxious to complete it as soon and as efficiently as possible. They have found it now it sweets and Proshuteria in the clesiastical bodies—of the General assembly, and work, are anxious to complete it as soon and as efficiently as possible. They have found it necessary to employ visiting Agents to ascertain the destitution and to give an opportunity to all the They offer their goods at such reduced prices hat they feel confident of receiving their share of the public patronage.

work, are anxious to complete it as soon and as efficiently as possible. They have found it necessary to employ visiting Agents to ascertain the Synod of Cester—of Presbyteries in England—of the Synods and Presbyteries in England—of Synods and Presbyteries in the Synod son destination of the Synods and Presbyteries in England—of the Synods an they feel confident of receiving their share he public patronage.

They invite their old customers and the lic generally to call and examine prices and lities before purchasing elsewhere.

Most kinds of produce will be received in ange for Goods.

A. & H. ROBERTS.

General agent.

Missiskoui Bay, July 16, 1838.

The serices of Daniel Campbell, Esq., who is fully anthorised to collect funds as well as to dispose delice and natural History, illustrative of Divine wisdom and goodness. Summaries of political intelligence, domestic, national and foreign.

The Christian Examiner is published in the beginning of every mouth, each number consisting of 32 pages, stitched in colored paper, forwarded to subscribers by mail or otherwise, at 10s. per annum, payable in advance.

Missiskoul, August, July 16, 1838.

ARMOUR & RAMSET, Agents. public generally to call and examine prices and atevery house, and that all who have the means

Motice.

The subscriber has on hand, and intends keeps for sale a quantity of Cabinet ware & Chairs. Wm. HICKOK.

Fanning Wills

anniactured, warranted and sold by the sub-scriber for ten dollars in cash HORACE LIVINGSTON. St. Albans, 1Cth Sept, 1838.

Ladd's Patent SCALES.

he undersigned having been appointed Agent for LADDS PATENT SCALES, begs to ecomend them to Merchants and others, for heir cheapness and superior structure. He has

Patent Potable Scales; an article admirably adapetd for Merthants' use, being of a convenient size and unquestionable con rectness. Orders for Rail Road or Hay Scales promptly executed.

W. W. SMITH Missiskoui Bay,Ju , 23, 1, 38.

New Work!

On the first of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal size, & neatly stitched in a colored cover, the first number of a new peri-

odical work entitled THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE Edited by

WILLIAM E. BURTON,
To whom all original Communications will be
Addressed.
The announcement of a new Periodical, in
the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise, but having contemplated an alter-ation in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, 'Every Body's Album,' the proprie-tors deem it best to proceed in the perfected ar-rangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ing of surprise, but having contemplated an alterensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a taid spoons, sugar tongs, watch chains, spec successor will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation at once equal to that of any bles; and tape needles just received at the Jawellery Shop, opposite the Court House St. Albans, Vt.

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

The contents of the Gentlemen's Magazin will, in every respect be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as 'eagles soar, above the
ken of man,' nor shall we be content with merebass viol and violin strings, percussion caps and pills; water paints, letter seals, ivory eyelets pins, needles, goggles and spectascles, to suit all ages; steel and ribbon watch chains, steel and gilt keys; hair pins, tweets and ear picks, gnard chains, beads hook and eyes, &c. &c., just received and for salescheap for cash, by C. H. HUNTINGTON.

UST received and for sale, opposite the Court House, St. Albans, Vt., German silver table, tea and, desert spoons, German silver mounted spectacles, also, Plated Table and tea spoons sugar tongs and soup ladles.

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

UST received and for sale, opposite the Court House, St. Albans, Vt., German silver adjunctives...a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of the ground; our pages which with mere shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters 'caviare to the milton.' In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book... an epitome of life's adjunctives... aliterary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of the ground; our pages when the profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book... an epitome of life's adjunctives... a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentlemanly, agreeable book... an epitome of life's adjunctives... a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentlemanly, agreeable book... an epitome of life's adjunctives... a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentlemanly, agreeable book... an epitome of life's adjunctives... a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of each number of the parlor table of t

form the public that he ment of of Cloths on hand, and those that wish purchase a serviceable article or will exchange tool for cloth, will do well to call and examine oth prices and quality.

St Armand, May 22° 1838.

Estate of Simon P. Lalanne.

Estate of Simon P. Lalanne.

Curator for the estate of the late Simon purchasers are invited to call and examine befor cash at a small advance from cost.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

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Purchasers are invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Purchasers are invited to call and shaving brushes; pocket books and wallets, silk, cotton and leather purchasers and for sale cheap, by superior razor straps just received and for sale cheap, by superior razor straps just received and for sale cheap, by superior razor straps just received towices and form twist, combs, shell a

ty-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming at the close of the year, two large each, forming at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average boxes, sun dials and pocket compasses, sun glasses, steel busks, Elastic ties, &c. for sale cheap by

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

each, forming at the close of the year; two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAP-EST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAP-EST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE U. STATES.

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine, will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum payable in advance...but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dol-

lars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to Charles Alexander, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet the carliest atten-

Canadian Christian Examiner & Presbyterian Review.
Published at Niagara, U. C.*
THIS Work contains Original Essays, Letters,
Reviews, on Doctrinal and Practical subjects in
Religior. Dissertations on Ecclesiastical Discipline and Polity—on Select Peaiods of the History
of the Church—on education—on laws affecting
public morality, &c. Sketches of the lives of eminently useful and 'boly men. Suboodinate articles, original or selected, on the rise, progress, and
character of any particular modern heresy—on
schemes for promoting the kingdom of Christ—
remonstrances against prevailing sins—letters on